

# Leveraging Kubernetes for NFV

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t3chfest

# Agenda

- 5G Networks
- 5G-CORAL project
- Kubernetes for NFV
- Demo

# Who am I: José María Roldán Gil

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Internet of Things  
Sensing Assets

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Next technological revolution is coming: 5G



# Two keys in 5G networks

Software Defined Networks

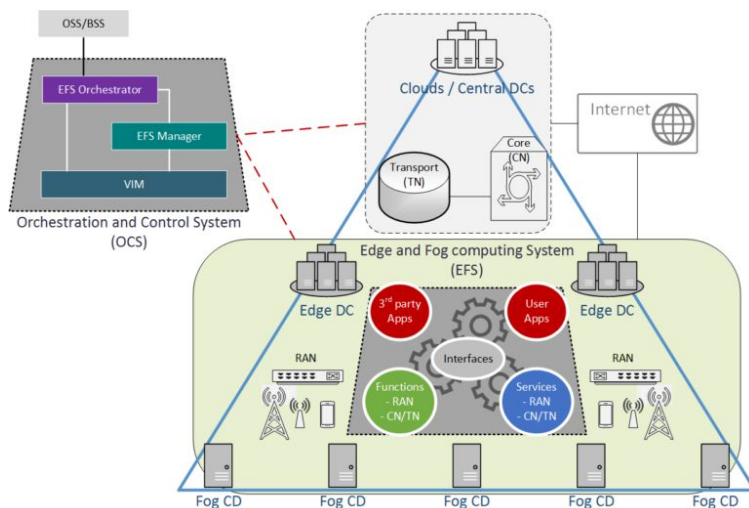
Network Function Virtualization



# 5G-CORAL

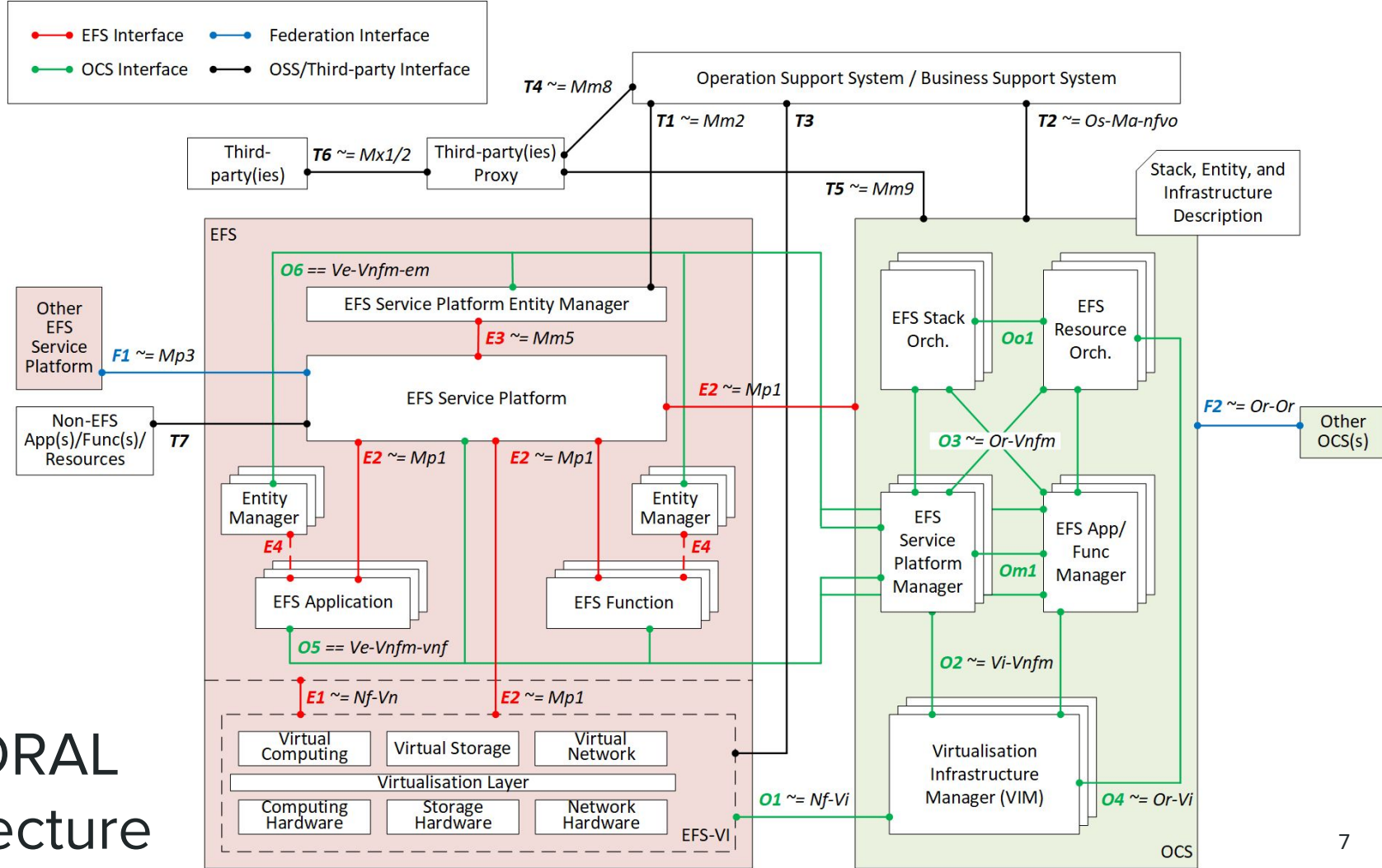
A 5G Convergent Virtualized Radio Access Network  
Living at the Edge

- From cloud computing to fog computing



Convergent 5G multi-RAT  
access through an  
integrated virtualized edge  
and fog solution



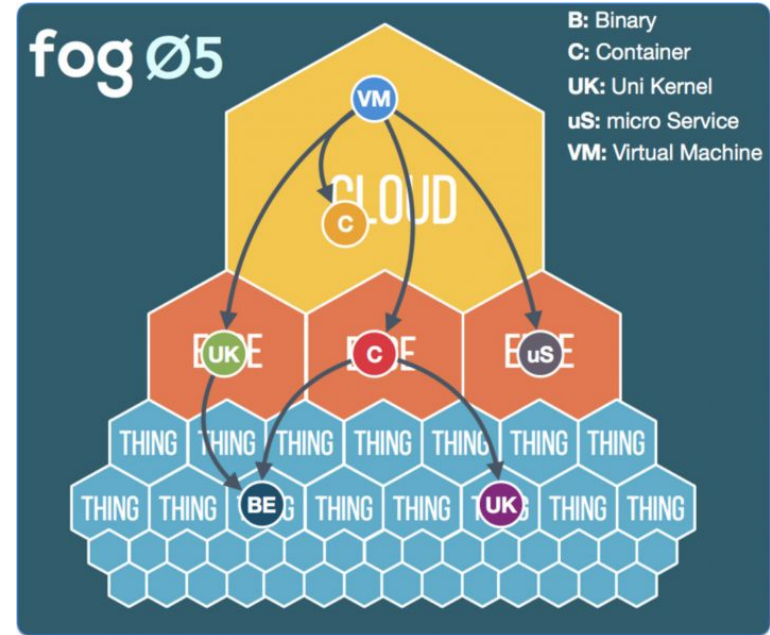


# 5G-CORAL OCS

Implementation option I: fog05

<https://github.com/eclipse/fog05>

Fog computing: a system-level architecture that distributes computing, storage, control and networking functions closer to the users along a cloud-to-thing continuum

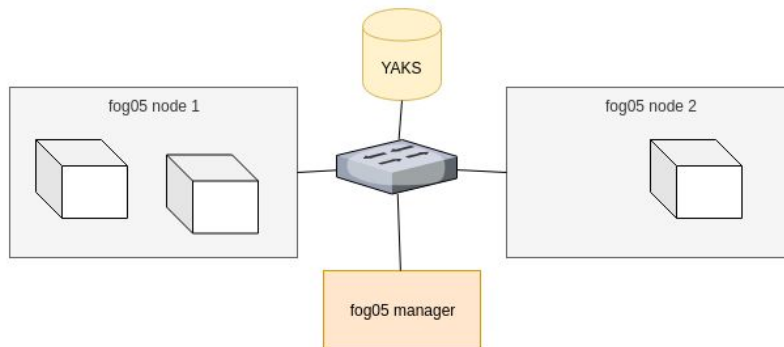




# 5G-CORAL OCS

## Implementation option I: fog05

```
{“name”: “function”,
  “version”: 1,
  “type”: “lxd”,
  “uuid”: “690c0d9f-e88b-41d3-837b-eca2d32c7859”,
  “entity_data”: {
    “name”: “ubuntu-host”,
    “uuid”: “ccae85ec-3f87-497b-bd6f-cf1990b5577a”,
    “cpu”: 1,
    “memory”: 512,
    “disk_size”: 4,
    “base_image”: “file:///etc/host.tar.gz”
    “networks”: [[“intf_name”: “eth0”, “br_name”: “lan01”]]
  }
}
```



```
api = API(endpoint='10.10.1.2')
manifest = json.loads(read_file(path))
...
api.entity.define(manifest, node1, wait=True)
api.entity.configure(euuid, iuuid, wait=True)
api.entity.run(euuid, node1, iuuid, wait=True)
...
api.entity.stop(euuid, node1, iuuid, wait=True)
api.entity.clean(euuid, node1, iuid, wait=True)
api.entity.undefine(euuid, node1, iuid, wait=True)
```

# 5G-CORAL OCS

Implementation option II: Kubernetes

Kubernetes is an open source system for automatic deployment, scaling and management of containerized applications.

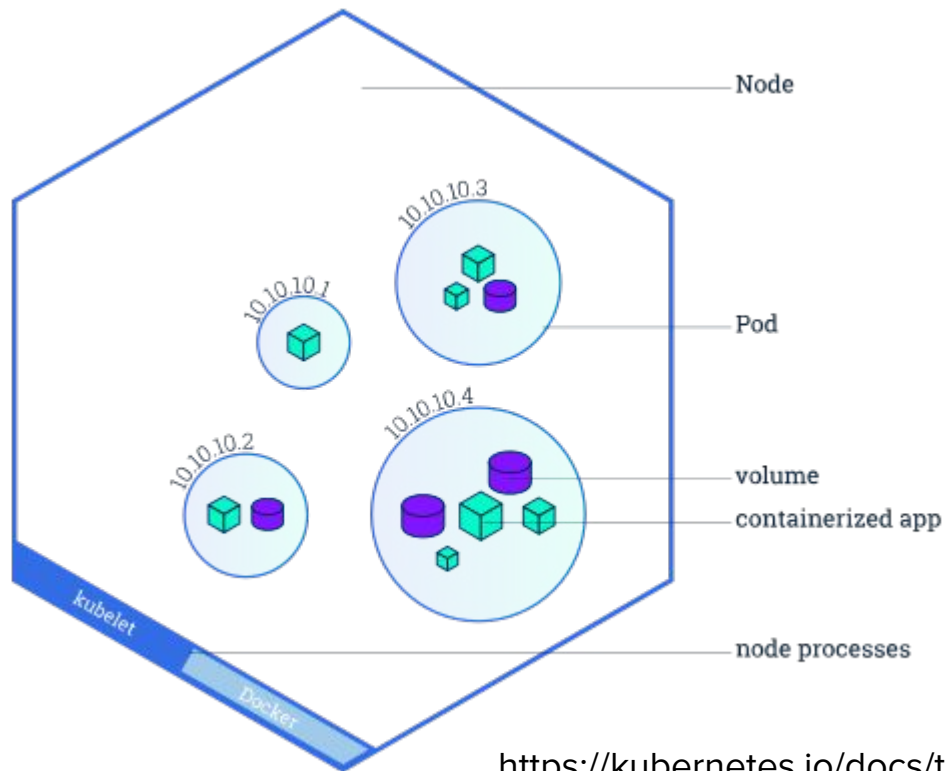
Intended for microservices



# Kubernetes basics

One IP address assigned to a pod

The container has one network interface



<https://kubernetes.io/docs/tutorials/kubernetes-basics/explore/explore-intro/>

## VNFs

vEPC

vCMTS

vGGSN

vMME

vIMS

vNAT

vCPE

## VNFi- Network



## NFV Orchestration



Containers Bare Metal

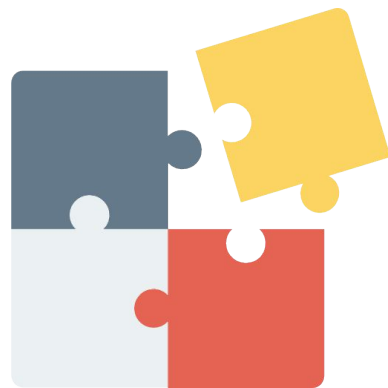
Virtual Machine

Containers

# Kubernetes for NFV

When using a container as a virtualized network function:

- Kubernetes supports only one network interface
- Need of different network interfaces
  - Separation of control and data plane
  - Network segregation and security
  - Link aggregation for redundancy



# Multus

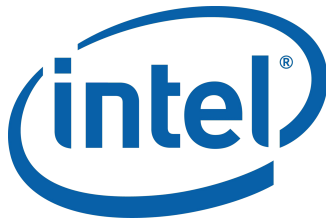
Multus CNI is a container network interface (CNI) plugin for Kubernetes that enables attaching multiple network interfaces to pods.

It's a CNI plugin than can

call other CNI plugins



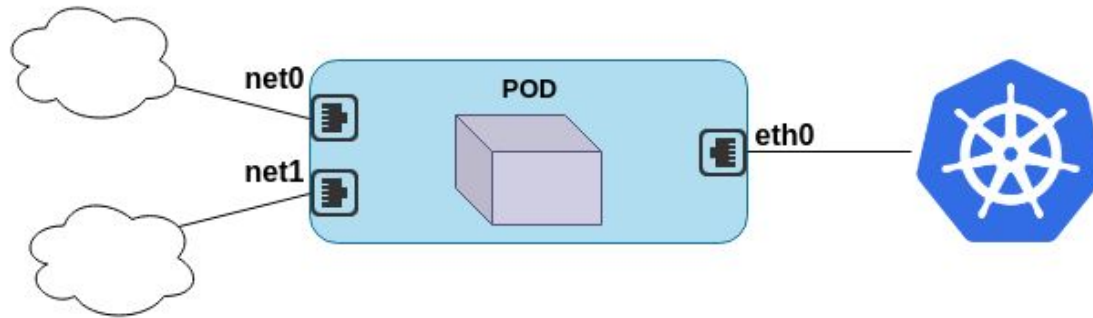
# MULTUS



<https://github.com/intel/multus-cni>



# Multus



Author: multus

# Container Network Interface



CNI is a Cloud Native Computing Foundation project

Specification and libraries for writing plugins to configure network, along with a number of supported plugins

<https://github.com/container networking>

# Some standard network plugins

## Bridge

- The container is plugged to a virtual bridge

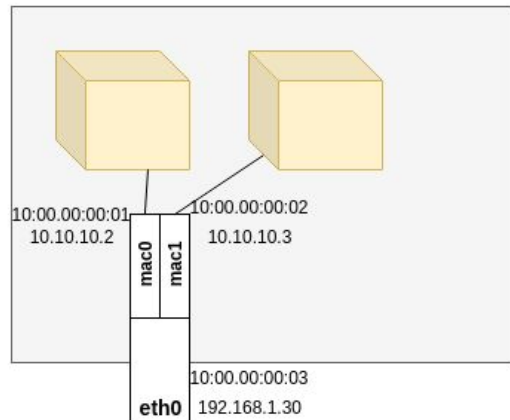
```
{  
  "name": "mynet",  
  "type": "bridge",  
  "bridge": "mynet0",  
  "isDefaultGateway": true,  
  "forceAddress": false,  
  "ipMasq": true,  
  "hairpinMode": true,  
  "ipam": {  
    "type": "host-local",  
    "subnet": "10.10.0.0/16"  
  }  
}
```

# Some standard network plugins II

## Macvlan

- A host interface gets enslaved with the virtual interface
- Same physical device but distinct MAC address

```
{  
  "name": "mynet",  
  "type": "macvlan",  
  "master": "eth0",  
  "ipam": {  
    "type": "dhcp"  
  }  
}
```

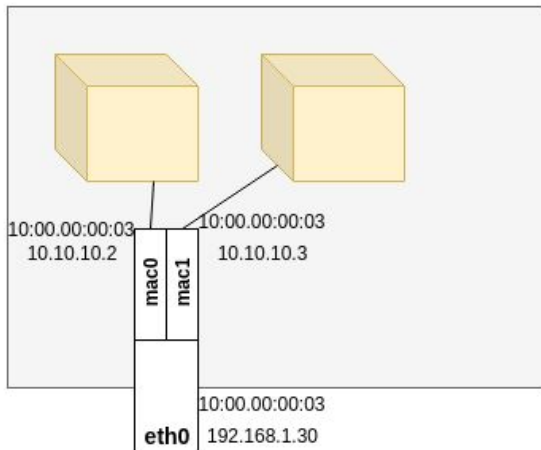


# Some standard network plugins II

## IPvlan

- A host interface gets enslaved with the virtual interface
- Same physical device and same MAC address
- The kernel driver inspect packages when deciding which interface should process it

```
{  
  "name": "mynet",  
  "type": "ipvlan",  
  "master": "eth0",  
  "ipam": {  
    "type": "host-local",  
    "subnet": "10.10.10.0/24"  
  }  
}
```



# More network plugins

## Flannel

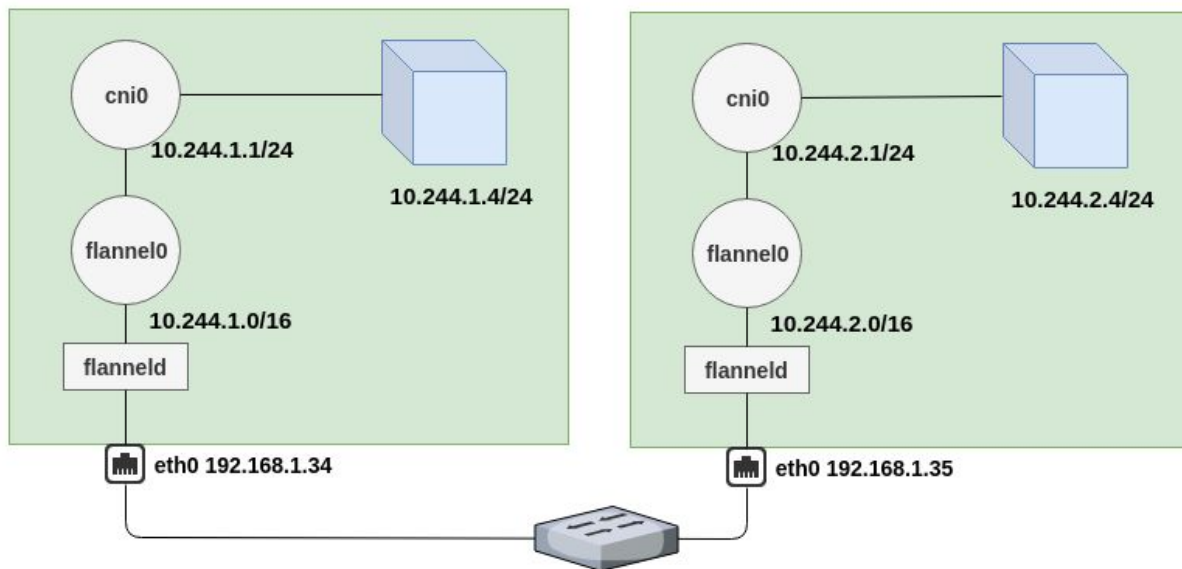
- Provides a layer 3 IPv4 network between multiple nodes in a cluster
- On each host:
  - flanneld
  - allocates a subnet lease out of an address space
- Packets forwarding using backends
  - VXLAN, host-gw, UDP,...
- Uses docker0; flannel0 (tunnel) and daemon to encapsulate



```
{  
  "name": "mynet",  
  "type": "bridge",  
  "mtu": 1472,  
  "ipMasq": false,  
  "isGateway": true,  
  "ipam": {  
    "type": "host-local",  
    "subnet":  
      "10.1.17.0/24"  
  }  
}
```



# More network plugins



- Builds an overlay network
- Flanneld creates some kernel routes
- Flannel0 TUN, linux kernel interface

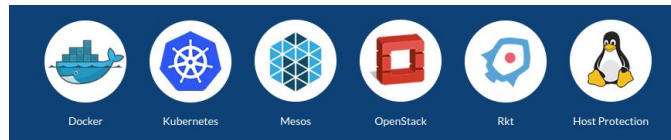
# More network plugins



## Calico

- Apache project
- Layer 3 networking, leveraging linux kernel
- Use BGP: routes distribution
- Separate policy decisions from routing
- Distributed firewall
- Millions of nodes

Fosters  
scalability and  
simplicity: what  
overlay model  
suffer





# More network plugins

## Weave net

- Virtual network to connect containers across hosts
- Service discovery: micro DNS on each host
- No external store
- VXLAN between hosts
- Traffic encryption



# More network plugins



ROMANA

Romana

- Endpoints receive real routable addresses, no overlays or tunnels
- Addresses blocks instead of individual ones

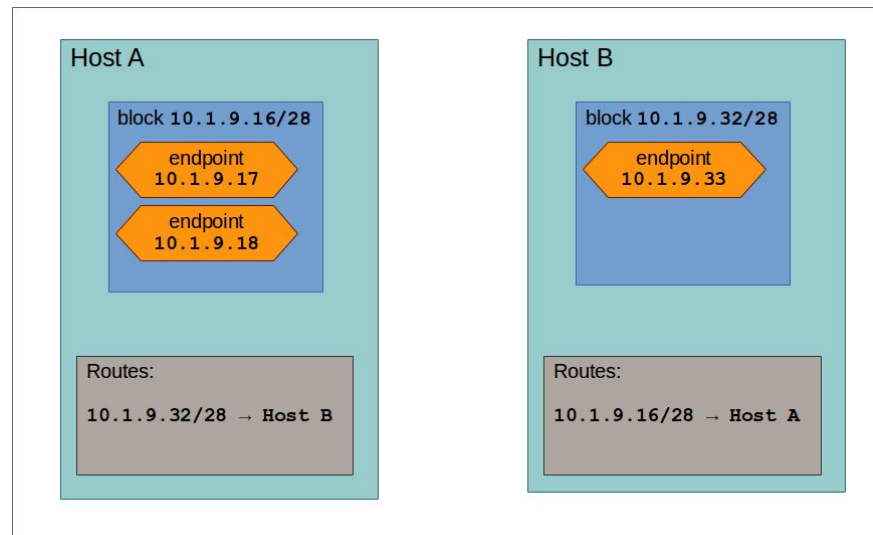


Figure 1: Blocks, endpoints and routes in the cluster after creation of the third endpoint

# And more

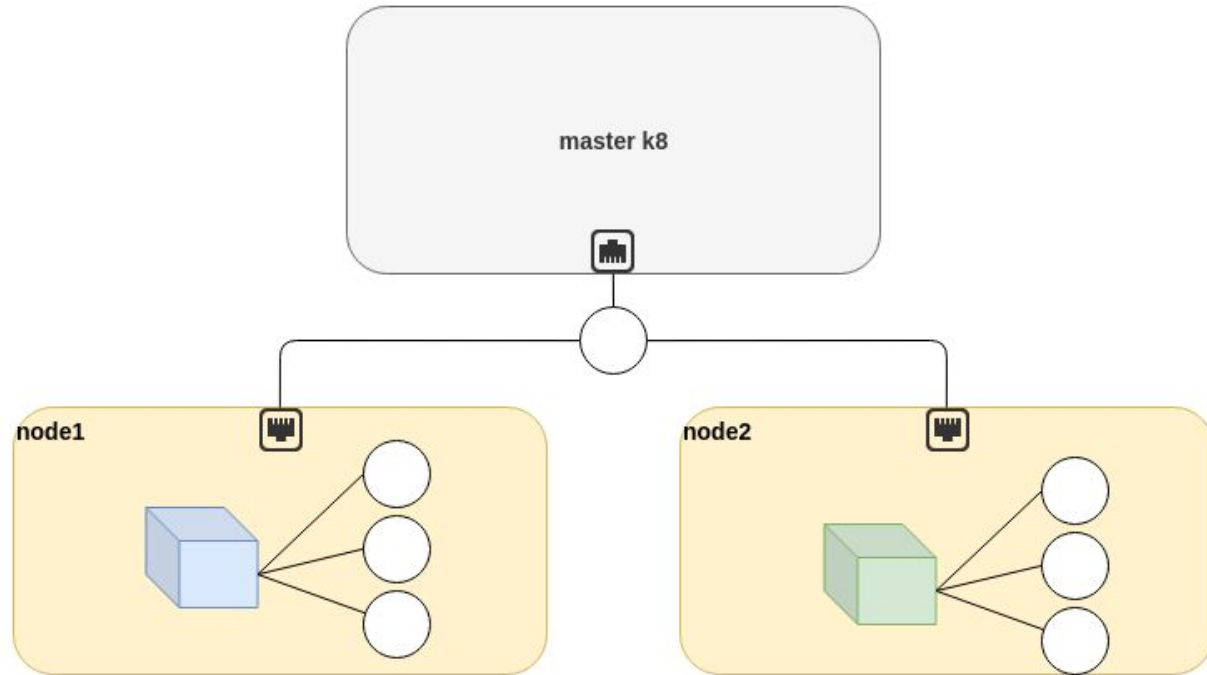
- Cilium
- Kube router

...



# Demo time!

Scenario





CHARLA · JUEVES 14 · 18:30h

# Leveraging Kubernetes for NFV



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Thanks for coming!

t3chfest

14 Y 15 DE MARZO DE 2019

